Q4 2018 Earnings Key Metrics

LPL Financial Holdings Inc. Q4 2018 Earnings January 31, 2019



Member FINRA/SIPC

Notice to Investors: Safe Harbor Statement

Statements in this presentation regarding LPL Financial Holdings Inc.'s (together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") future financial and operating results, growth, priorities, business strategies and outlook, including forecasts and statements relating to the Company's future brokerage and advisory asset levels and mix, deposit betas (and related Gross Profit* benefit), Core G&A* expenses (including outlook for 2019) and investments, as well as any other statements that are not related to present facts or current conditions or that are not purely historical, constitute forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on the Company's historical performance and its plans, estimates, and expectations as of January 31, 2019. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees that the future results, plans, intentions, or expectations expressed or implied by the Company will be achieved. Matters subject to forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including economic, legislative, regulatory, competitive, and other factors, which may cause actual financial or operating results, levels of activity, or the timing of events, to be materially different than those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include: changes in interest rates and fees payable by banks participating in the Company's cash sweep program; the Company's success and strategy in managing cash sweep program fees; changes in general economic and financial market conditions, including retail investor sentiment; fluctuations in the levels of advisory and brokerage assets, and the related impact on revenue; effects of competition in the financial services industry and the success of the Company in attracting and retaining financial advisors and institutions; changes in the number of the Company's financial advisors and institutions, and their ability to market effectively financial products and services; whether retail investors served by newly-recruited advisors choose to move their respective assets to a new account at the Company; changes in the growth and profitability of the Company's fee-based business; the effect of current, pending and future legislation, regulation and regulatory actions, including disciplinary actions imposed by federal and state securities regulators and self-regulatory organizations; the costs of settling and remediating issues related to regulatory matters or legal proceedings including actual costs of repurchasing securities from investors in excess of our estimates; changes made to the Company's offerings, services, and pricing, and the effect that such changes may have on the Company's gross profit* streams and costs; execution of the Company's plans and its success in realizing the synergies, expense savings, service improvements or efficiencies expected to result from its initiatives and programs, and the other factors set forth in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as may be amended or updated in the Company's 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or other filings with the SEC. Except as required by law, the Company specifically disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after January 31, 2019, even if its estimates change, and statements contained herein are not to be relied upon as representing the Company's views as of any date subsequent to January 31, 2019.

Management believes that presenting certain non-GAAP financial measures by excluding or including certain items can be helpful to investors and analysts who may wish to use some or all of this information to analyze the Company's current performance, prospects, and valuation. Management uses this non-GAAP information internally to evaluate operating performance and in formulating the budget for future periods. Management believes that the non-GAAP measures and metrics discussed herein are appropriate for evaluating the performance of the Company. Specific Non-GAAP financial measures have been marked with an * (asterisk) within this presentation. Management has also presented certain non-GAAP financial measures further adjusted to reflect the impact of the Company's acquisitions of AdvisoryWorld and the broker/dealer network of National Planning Holdings, Inc. ("NPH"). Reconciliations and calculations of such measures can be found on page 26.

Gross profit is calculated as net revenues, which were \$1,317 million for the three months ended December 31, 2018, less commission and advisory expenses and brokerage, clearing, and exchange fees ("BC&E"), which were \$793 million and \$16 million, respectively, for the three months ended December 31, 2018. All other expense categories, including depreciation and amortization of fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets, are considered general and administrative in nature. Because the Company's gross profit amounts do not include any depreciation and amortization expense, the Company considers its gross profit amounts to be non-GAAP measures that may not be comparable to those of others in its industry. Management believes that gross profit amounts can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance before indirect costs that are general and administrative in nature. For a calculation of gross profit, please see page 23 of this presentation.

EBITDA is defined as net income plus interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation, amortization, and loss on extinguishment of debt. The Company presents EBITDA because management believes that it can be a useful financial metric in understanding the Company's earnings from operations. EBITDA is not a measure of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP, or as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of profitability or liquidity. For a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, please see page 24 of this presentation. In addition, the Company's EBITDA can differ significantly from EBITDA calculated by other companies, depending on long-term strategic decisions regarding capital structure, the tax jurisdictions in which companies operate, and capital investments.

EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets is defined as GAAP EPS plus the per share impact of Amortization of Intangible Assets. The per share impact is calculated as Amortization of Intangible Assets expense, net of applicable tax benefit, divided by the number of shares outstanding for the applicable period. The Company presents EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets because management believes the metric can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance by excluding non-cash items that management does not believe impact the Company's ongoing operations. EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets is not a measure of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to GAAP EPS or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets to GAAP EPS, please see page 25 of this presentation.

Core G&A consists of total operating expenses, excluding the following expenses: commission and advisory, regulatory charges, promotional, employee share-based compensation, depreciation and amortization, amortization of intangible assets, and brokerage, clearing, and exchange. Management presents Core G&A because it believes Core G&A reflects the corporate operating expense categories over which management can generally exercise a measure of control, compared with expense items over which management either cannot exercise control, such as commission and advisory expenses, or which management views as promotional expense necessary to support advisor growth and retention including conferences and transition assistance. Core G&A is not a measure of the Company's total operating expenses as calculated in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of Core G&A to the Company's total operating expenses, please see page 26 of this presentation. The Company does not provide an outlook for its total operating expenses because it contains expense components, such as commission and advisory expenses, that are market-driven and over which the Company cannot exercise control. Accordingly a reconciliation of the Company's outlook for Core G&A to an outlook for total operating expenses cannot be made available without unreasonable effort.

Our business continued to grow and shift towards advisory



Total Brokerage and Advisory Assets (\$ billions)

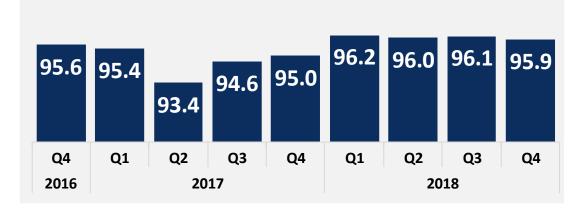
Recruited Assets⁽¹⁾ (\$ billions)



Advisory Assets as a percent of Total Assets



Production Retention Rate⁽²⁾ (YTD Annualized %)



Financial performance has steadily improved



EPS, Diluted



EBITDA* (\$ millions)

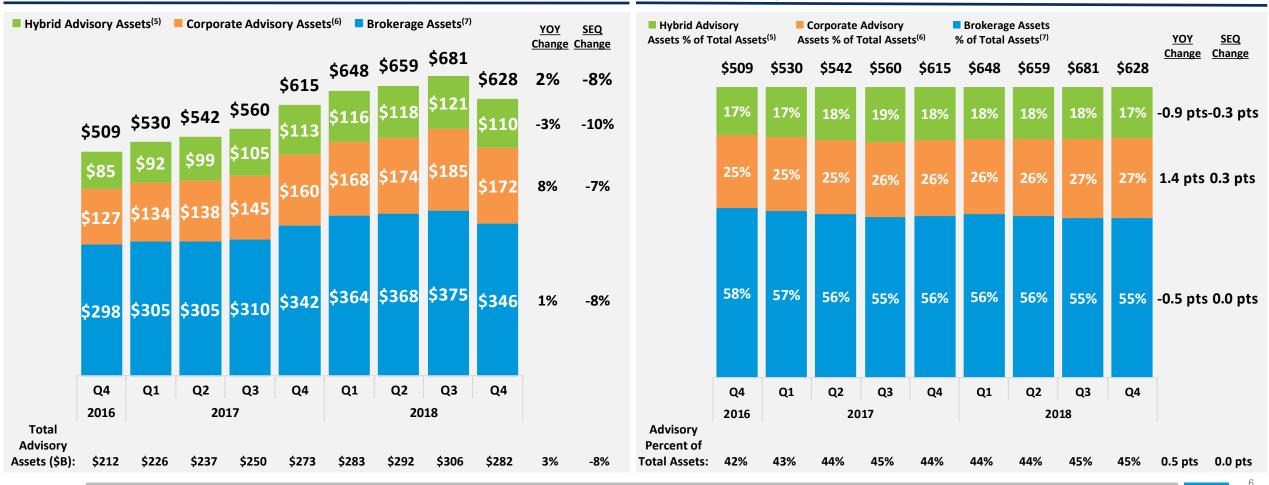


EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets*



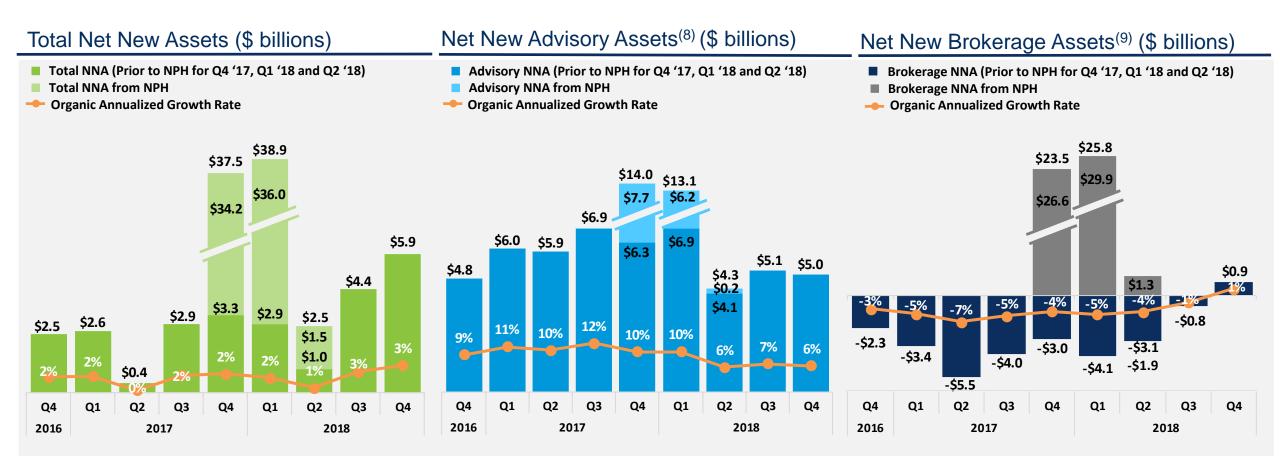
Q4 Total Brokerage and Advisory Assets increased 2% year-over-year to \$628 billion

Total Brokerage and Advisory Asset Mix



Total Brokerage and Advisory Assets (\$ billions)

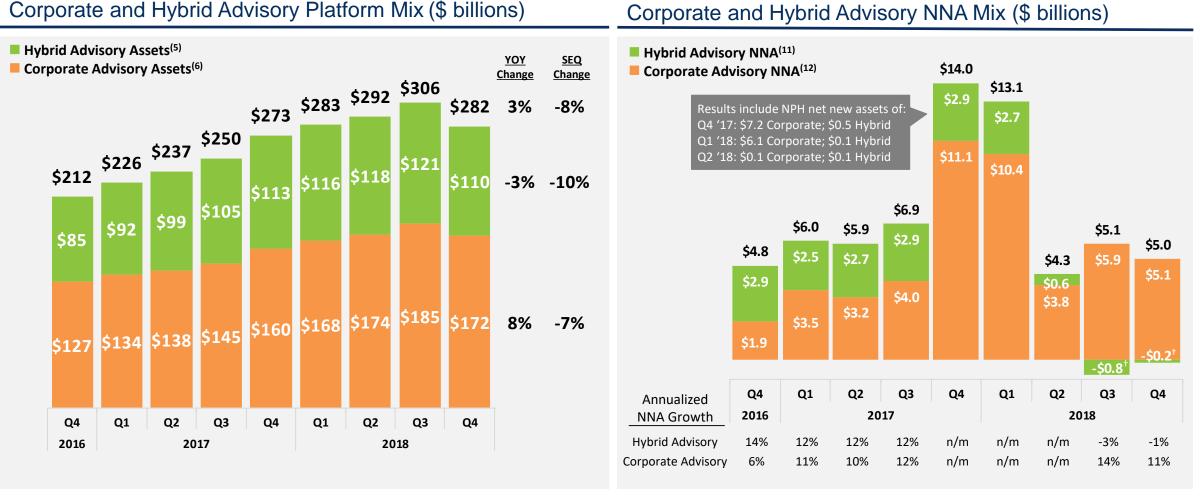
Q4 Total Net New Assets were an inflow of \$5.9 billion



Net Brokerage to Advisory Conversions⁽¹⁰⁾ (billions): \$1.7 \$2.3 \$2.0 \$1.9 \$2.1 \$2.5 \$1.8 \$1.7 \$1.4

Note: Q3 2018 includes \$2.4 billion of outflows (of which \$1.5 billion was advisory) and Q4 2018 includes \$0.7 billion of outflows (of which \$0.3 billion was advisory) from a small number of hybrid firms, consistent with the Company's expectations as discussed on its Q2 and Q3 2018 earnings calls.

Q4 Corporate Advisory Assets increased 8% year-over-year to \$172 billion



[†] Q3 2018 includes \$2.4 billion of outflows (of which \$1.5 billion was advisory) and Q4 2018 includes \$0.7 billion of outflows (of which \$0.3 billion was advisory) from a small number of hybrid firms, consistent with the Company's expectations as discussed on its Q2 and Q3 2018 earnings calls.

Q4 Centrally Managed Assets increased 17% year over year to \$38 billion

Centrally Managed NNA⁽¹⁴⁾ (\$ billions)

Centrally Managed Assets Centrally Managed NNA (Prior to NPH for Q4 '17, Q1 '18 and Q2 '18) YOY SEQ **Centrally Managed Assets % of Total Advisory Assets** NPH Centrally Managed NNA Change Change **Organic Annualized Growth Rate** \$41 17% -6% \$38 \$38 \$36 \$3.3 \$33 \$29 \$1.5 \$2.5 \$27 \$23 \$25 \$1.1 13.6% 1.5 pts 0.3 pts 13.3% \$1.7 \$1.8 13.0% 12.7% \$1.5 \$1.8 \$0.2 \$1.4 \$1.4 \$1.3 \$1.5 12.1% 11.7% 11.0% 11.1% 11.4% \$0.9 22% 22% 19% 21% 19% 18% 13% \$0.3 16% 6% Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q4 Q1 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 2017 2018 2017 2016 2016 2018

Centrally Managed Assets⁽¹³⁾ (\$ billions)

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Q4 EBIT ROA was 12.1 basis points, up 4.7 basis points year-over-year

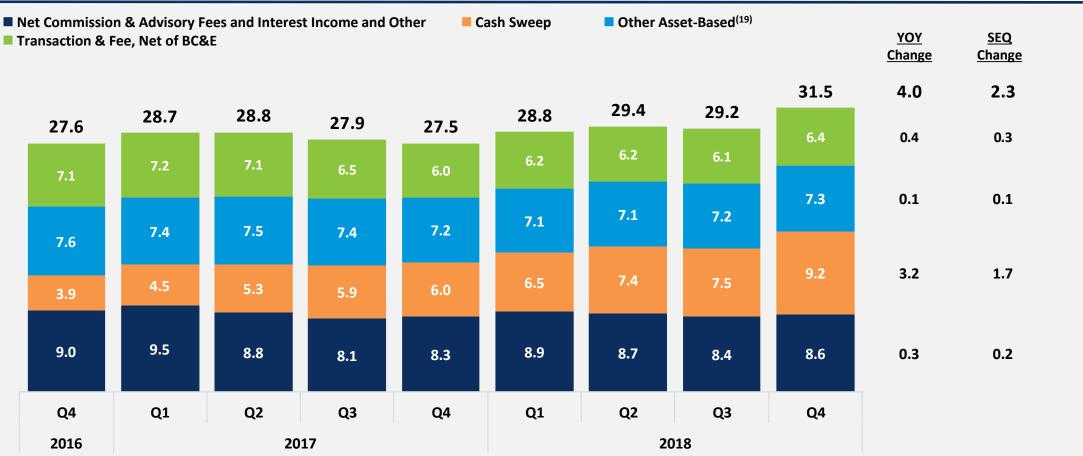
YOY SEQ Change **Change** \$676 \$657 \$645 \$646 10% -5% \$586 \$554 \$539 \$525 \$502 31.5 bps 4.0 pts 2.3 pts 29.4 bps 29.2 bps 28.8 bps 28.7 bps 28.8 bps -027.9 bps 27.6 bps 27.5 bps 20.5 bps 20.1 bps 19.4 bps 19.5 bps 19.4 bps -0.7 pts **19.0 bps** 0.8 pts **18.5** bps **18.6 bps** 17.5 bps Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q4 2016 2017 2018 10.3 bps 9.3 bps 8.9 bps 7.4 bps 9.3 bps 11.9 bps 10.6 bps 4.7 bps 1.5 bps EBIT ROA⁽¹⁸⁾: 7.1 bps 12.1 bps

Average Total Brokerage & Advisory Assets (\$ billions)

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Q4 Gross Profit* ROA increased 4.0 basis points year-over-year

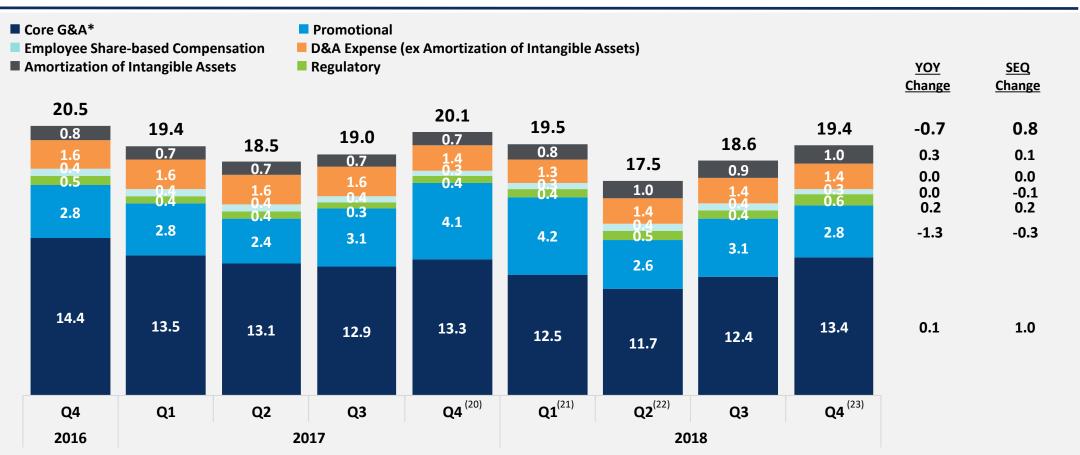
Gross Profit* ROA⁽¹⁶⁾ (bps)



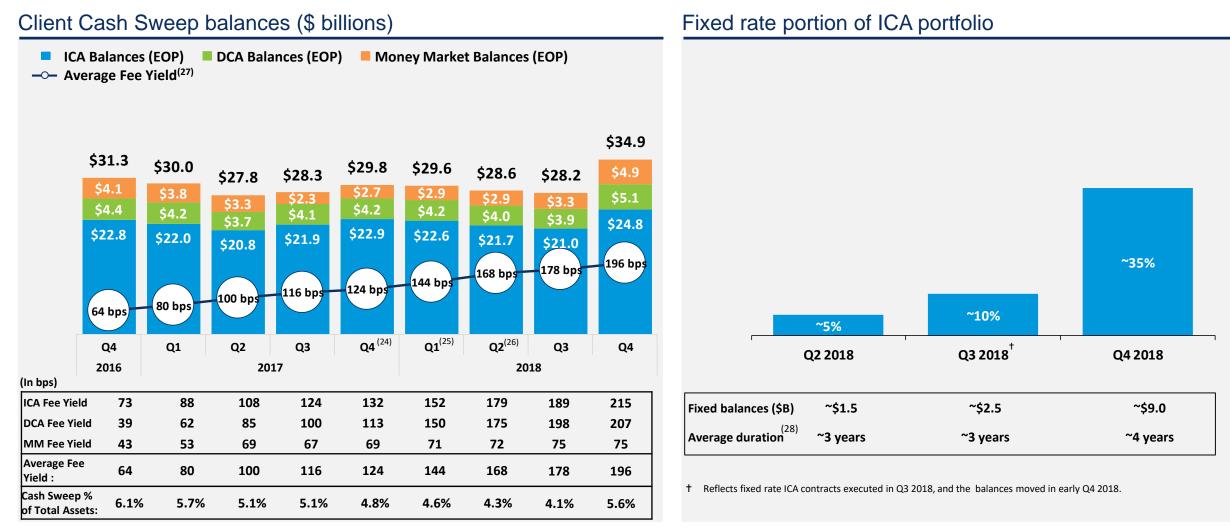
Note: updated bars to combine Net Commission & Advisory Fees with Interest Income and Other

Q4 Total OPEX ROA decreased 0.7 basis points year-over-year

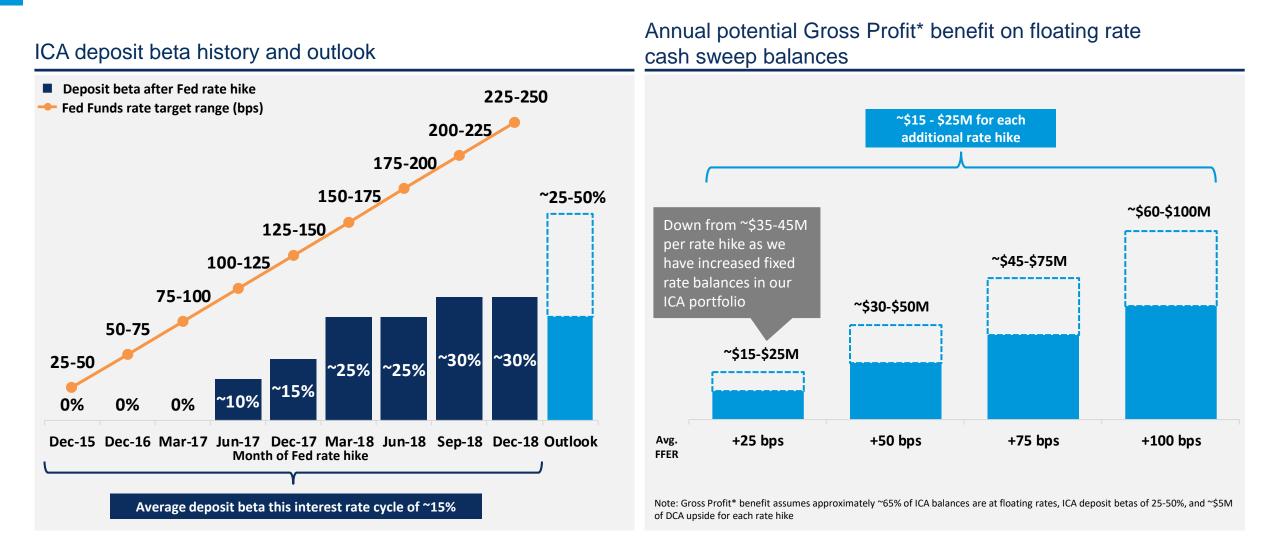
Total OPEX ROA⁽¹⁷⁾ (bps)



Q4 Cash Sweep yields increased 72 basis points year-over year, and we increased fixed rate balances to ~35% of the ICA portfolio



Our deposit beta has remained low through this interest rate cycle, and was ~30% for the December 2018 rate hike



We plan to continue investing for growth in 2019

Long-term cost strategy	Core G&A* context
 Focus on delivering operating leverage Prioritize investments that drive organic growth Drive productivity and efficiency Adapt cost trajectory as environment evolves 	 2018 Core G&A was \$819M, including \$2M related to AdvisoryWorld Our original 2019 Core G&A outlook range was \$845 to \$870M, or ~3.5 to 6.5% year-over-year growth Following our acquisition of AdvisoryWorld, we anticipate ~\$5M of related Core G&A expense in 2019 As a result, we updated our 2019 Core G&A outlook range to \$850 to \$875M, or ~4 to 7% year-over-year growth
Lower recent expense trajectory, prior to acquisitions	Core G&A* outlook
Annual Core G&A* Growth 7% 5% -4-7%	Original 2019 Outlook: \$845 to \$870 million AdvisoryWorld: + \$5 million
<1% 2% 2015 2016 2017 Prior 2018 Prior 2019 Outlool to NPH to acquisitions ⁺	Updated 2019 Outlook: \$850 to \$875 million

+ Based on the Company's 2018 Core G&A* prior to NPH and AdvisoryWorld related expenses compared to the Company's 2017 Core G&A prior to NPH-related expenses.

Our balance sheet remained strong in Q4...

\$551 \$527 \$514 \$499 \$474 \$446 \$439 \$392 \$339 Management **Target Cash:** (~\$200M) Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q4 2016 2017 2018

Cash Available for Corporate Use (\$ millions)

Credit Agreement Net Leverage Ratio



...And we have continued to return capital to shareholders

Shareholder Capital Returns (\$ millions)

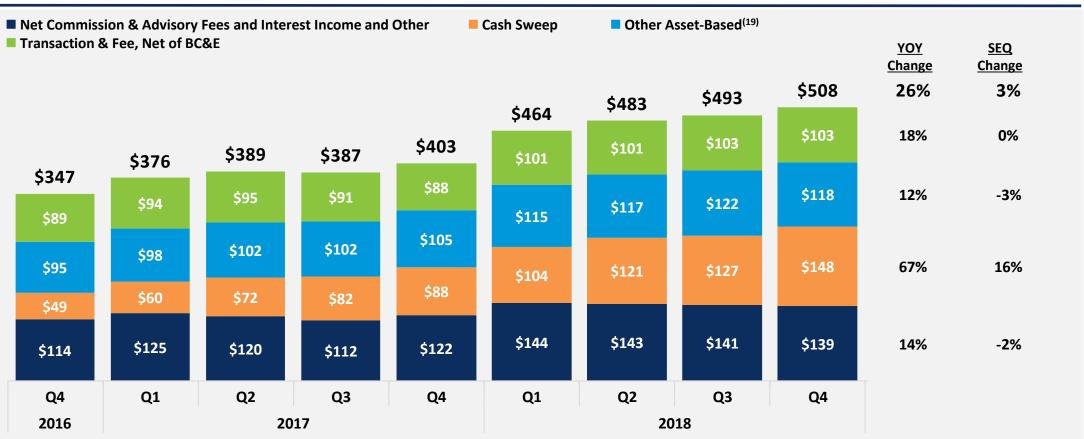


† Increased share repurchase authorization to \$1B as of December 31, 2018

Appendix

Q4 Gross Profit* increased 26% year-over-year

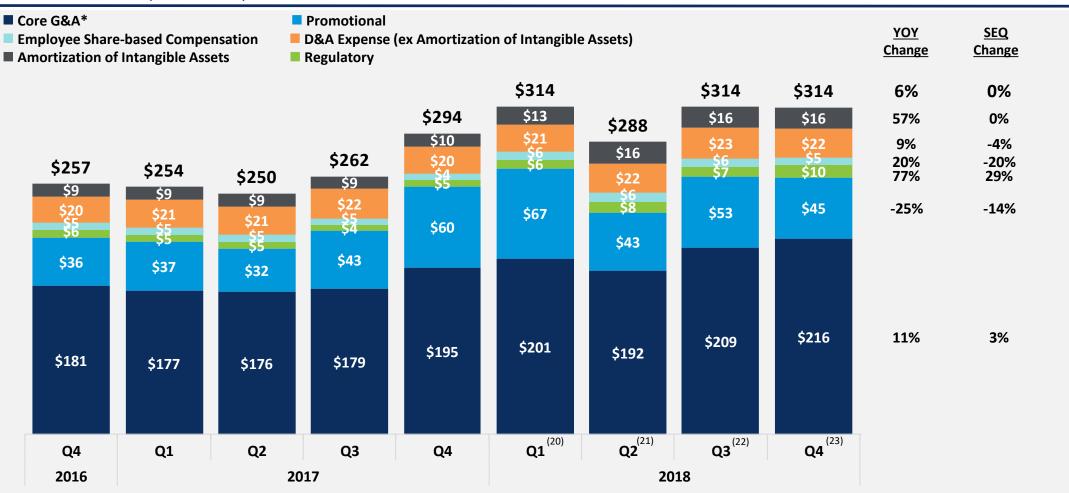
Gross Profit* (\$ millions)



Note: updated bars to combine Net Commission & Advisory Fees and Interest Income and Other

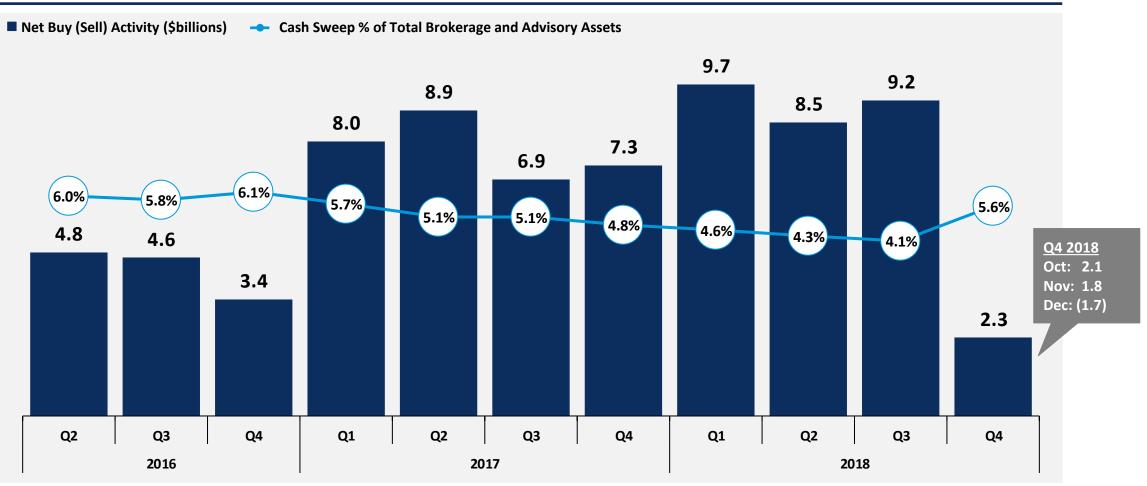
Q4 Total OPEX increased 6% year-over-year

Total OPEX⁽¹⁷⁾ (\$ millions)



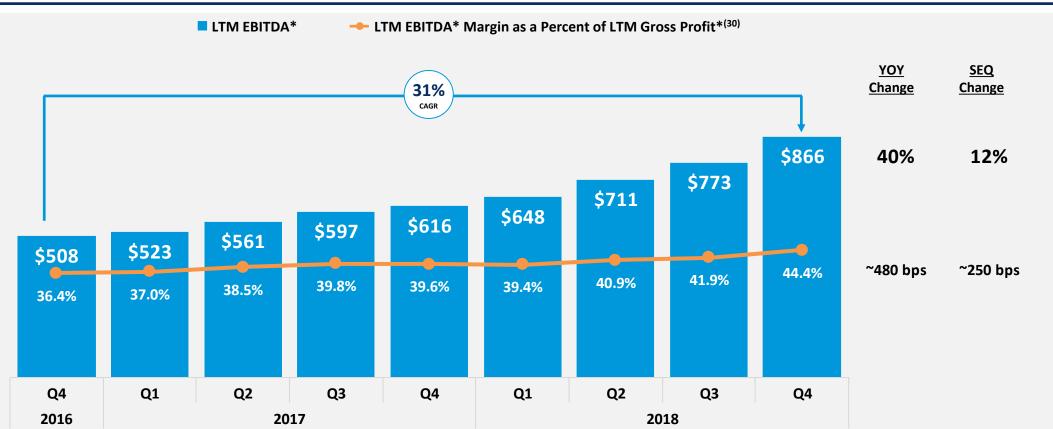
Q4 client cash sweep levels increased as net buy (sell) activity declined

Net Buy (Sell) Activity⁽²⁹⁾



LTM EBITDA* and margin have grown steadily over the past two years

LTM EBITDA* (\$ millions)



Calculation of Gross Profit

Gross profit is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of gross profit under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Set forth below is a calculation of Gross Profit for the periods presented on pages 5 and 10-11.

\$ in millions	Q4 2018	Q3 2018	Q2 2018	Q1 2018	Q4 2017	Q3 2017	Q2 2017	Q1 2017	Q4 2016
Total Net Revenue	\$1,317	\$1,331	\$1,299	\$1,242	\$1,116	\$1,064	\$1,066	\$1,035	\$1,007
Commission & Advisory Expense	793	822	801	762	698	664	663	645	647
Brokerage, Clearing, & Exchange	16	16	15	16	15	13	14	14	14
Gross Profit	\$508	\$493	\$483	\$464	\$403	\$387	\$389	\$376	\$347

Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA

EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of EBITDA under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Below are reconciliations of the Company's net income to EBITDA for the periods presented on page 5:

\$ in millions	Q4 2018	Q3 2018	Q2 2018	Q1 2018	Q4 2017	Q3 2017	Q2 2017	Q1 2017	Q4 2016
NET INCOME	\$120	\$107	\$119	\$94	\$64	\$58	\$68	\$48	\$42
Non-operating interest expense	32	32	32	30	29	27	26	25	25
Provision for Income Taxes	42	40	44	26	16	38	44	27	23
Depreciation and amortization	22	23	22	21	20	22	21	21	20
Amortization of intangible assets	16	16	16	13	10	9	9	9	9
Loss on Extinguishment of debt	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	21	0
EBITDA	\$232	\$218	\$233	\$183	\$139	\$156	\$170	\$152	\$119

Reconciliation of EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets to GAAP EPS

EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Below are the following reconciliations of EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets to GAAP EPS for the periods presented on page 5:

	Q4 2018	Q3 2018	Q2 2018	Q1 2018	Q4 2017	Q3 2017	Q2 2017	Q1 2017	Q4 2016
GAAP EPS	\$1.36	\$1.19	\$1.30	\$1.01	\$0.69	\$0.63	\$0.74	\$0.52	\$0.46
Amortization of Intangible Assets (\$ in millions)	\$16	\$16	\$16	\$13	\$10	\$9	\$9	\$9	\$9
Tax Expense (\$ in millions)	(\$4)	(\$4)	(\$4)	(\$4)	(\$4)	(\$4)	(\$4)	(\$4)	(\$4)
Amortization of Intangible Assets Net of Tax (\$ in millions)	\$11	\$11	\$11	\$10	\$6	\$6	\$6	\$6	\$6
Diluted Share Count	88.2	89.9	91.7	92.8	92.4	92.0	92.0	92.0	91.0
EPS Impact	\$0.13	\$0.13	\$0.12	\$0.10	\$0.07	\$0.06	\$0.06	\$0.06	\$0.06
EPS Prior to Amortization of Intangible Assets	\$1.49	\$1.32	\$1.42	\$1.11	\$0.76	\$0.69	\$0.81	\$0.59	\$0.52

Reconciliation of Core G&A to total operating expenses

Core G&A is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of Core G&A under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Below are reconciliations of Core G&A to the Company's total operating expenses for the periods presented on pages 12, 15, and 20:

\$ in millions	Q4 2018	Q3 2018	Q2 2018	Q1 2018	Q4 2017	Q3 2017	Q2 2017	Q1 2017	Q4 2016
Core G&A	\$216	\$209	\$192	\$201	\$195	\$179	\$176	\$177	\$181
Regulatory charges	10	7	8	6	5	4	5	5	6
Promotional	45	53	43	67	60	43	32	37	36
Employee share-based compensation	5	6	6	6	4	5	5	5	5
Total G&A	\$276	\$276	\$250	\$281	\$264	\$231	\$219	\$224	\$228
Commissions and advisory	793	822	801	762	698	664	663	645	647
Depreciation & amortization	22	23	22	21	20	22	21	21	20
Amortization of intangible assets	16	16	16	13	10	9	9	9	9
Brokerage, clearing and exchange	16	16	15	16	15	13	14	14	14
Total operating expenses	\$1,123	\$1,152	\$1,104	\$1,092	\$1,008	\$940	\$926	\$914	\$918

\$ in millions	Q4 2018	Q3 2018	Q2 2018	Q1 2018	Q4 2017	Q3 2017
Core G&A	\$216	\$209	\$192	\$201	\$195	\$179
NPH related Core G&A [†]	15	15	16	19	12	3
AdvisoryWorld related Core G&A	2	0	0	0	0	0
Total Core G&A prior to NPH and AdvisoryWorld	\$199	\$194	\$176	\$182	\$183	\$176

† Estimated NPH related Core G&A for Q3 2018 and Q4 2018

Footnotes

(1) Represents the estimated total brokerage and advisory assets expected to transition to the Company's broker-dealer subsidiary, LPL Financial LLC ("LPL Financial"), associated with advisors who transferred their licenses to LPL Financial during the period. The estimate is based on prior business reported by the advisors, which has not been independently and fully verified by LPL Financial. The actual transition of assets to LPL Financial generally occurs over several quarters including the initial quarter of the transition, and the actual amount transitioned may vary from the estimate.

(2) Reflects retention of commission and advisory revenues, calculated by deducting the prior year production of the annualized year-to-date attrition rate, over the prior year total production.

(3) EPS for Q1 2017 includes a charge related to the Company's March 2017 debt refinancing that reduced its EPS by \$0.14. Prior to this charge, EPS was \$0.66.

(4) EPS for Q3 2017 includes items related to the Company's August 2017 acquisition of NPH and September 2017 debt refinancing that reduced its EPS by \$0.03. Prior to these items, EPS was \$0.66.

(5) Consists of total assets on LPL Financial's independent advisory platform serviced by investment advisor representatives of separate investment advisor firms ("Hybrid RIAs"), rather than of LPL Financial.

(6) Consists of total assets on LPL Financial's corporate advisory platform serviced by investment advisor representatives of LPL Financial.

(7) Consists of brokerage assets serviced by advisors licensed with LPL Financial.

(8) Consists of total client deposits into advisory accounts less total client withdrawals from advisory accounts. The Company considers conversions to and from advisory accounts as deposits and withdrawals respectively. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period Net New Advisory Assets divided by preceding period total Advisory Assets, multiplied by four.

(9) Consists of total client deposits into brokerage accounts less total client withdrawals from brokerage accounts. The Company considers conversions to and from brokerage accounts as deposits and withdrawals respectively. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period Net New Brokerage Assets divided by preceding period total Brokerage Assets, multiplied by four.

(10) Consists of existing custodied assets that converted from brokerage to advisory, less existing custodied assets that converted from advisory to brokerage. This included \$0.2 billion of assets from NPH in Q4 2017 and \$0.3 billion of assets from NPH in each Q1 and Q2 2018.

(11) Consists of total client deposits into advisory accounts on LPL Financial's independent advisory platform less total client withdrawals from advisory accounts on its independent advisory platform. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period Net New Hybrid Advisory Assets divided by preceding period total Hybrid Advisory Assets, multiplied by four.

(12) Consists of total client deposits into advisory accounts on LPL Financial's corporate advisory platform less total client withdrawals from advisory accounts on its corporate advisory platform. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period Net New Corporate Advisory Assets divided by preceding period total Corporate Advisory Assets, multiplied by four.

(13) Represents those advisory assets in LPL Financial's Model Wealth Portfolios, Optimum Market Portfolios, Personal Wealth Portfolios, and Guided Wealth Portfolios platforms.

(14) Consists of total client deposits into Centrally Managed Assets (see FN13) accounts less total client withdrawals from Centrally Managed Assets accounts. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period Net New Centrally Managed Assets divided by preceding period total Centrally Managed Assets, multiplied by four.

(15) Represents the average month-end Total Brokerage and Advisory Assets for the period.

(16) Represents annualized Gross Profit* for the period, divided by average month-end Total Brokerage and Advisory Assets for the period (see FN15).

(17) Represents annualized operating expenses for the period, excluding production-related expense ("OPEX"), divided by average month-end Total Brokerage and Advisory Assets for the period (see FN15). Production-related expense includes commissions and advisory expense and brokerage, clearing and exchange expense. For purposes of this metric, operating expenses includes Core G&A*, Regulatory, Promotional, Employee Share Based Compensation, Depreciation & Amortization, and Amortization of Intangible Assets.

(18) EBIT ROA is calculated as Gross Profit ROA (see FN16) less OPEX ROA (see FN17).

(19) Consists of revenues from the Company's sponsorship programs with financial product manufacturers and omnibus processing and networking services, but not including fees from cash sweep programs. Other asset-based revenues are a component of asset-based revenues and are derived from the Company's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

(20) These results include NPH expense of \$12M in Core G&A*, \$23M in Promotional expense, \$1M of Amortization of Intangible Assets expense, and \$1M of Depreciation expense.

(21) These results include NPH expense of \$19M in Core G&A*, \$33M in Promotional expense, and \$5M of Amortization of Intangible Assets expense.

(22) These results include NPH expense of \$16M in Core G&A*, \$7M in Promotional expense, and \$7M of Amortization of Intangible Assets expense.

(23) These results include \$2M in Core G&A* related to our acquisition of AdvisoryWorld.

(24) These results include \$1.0 billion in cash sweep balances attributable to the NPH acquisition, including \$0.4 billion of ICA balances, \$0.4 billion of Money Market balances, and \$0.2 billion of DCA balances.

(25) These results include \$2.0 billion in cash sweep balances attributable to the NPH acquisition, including \$0.9 billion of ICA balances, \$0.7 billion of Money Market balances, and \$0.4 billion of DCA balances.

(26) These results include \$2.0 billion in cash sweep balances attributable to the NPH acquisition, including \$1.1 billion of ICA balances, \$0.6 billion of Money Market balances, and \$0.4 billion of DCA balances.

(27)Calculated by dividing revenue for the period by the average balance during the quarter.

(28) Average duration is calculated as the weighted average life of the fixed rate contracts.

(29) Represents the amount of securities purchased less the amount of securities sold in client accounts custodied with LPL Financial. Reported activity does not include any other cash activity, such as deposits, withdrawals, dividends received, or fees paid.

(30) Represents LTM EBITDA* divided by LTM Gross Profit*.